

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

PAKISTAN STUDIES

2059/01

Paper 1 History and Culture of Pakistan

May/June 2017 1 hour 30 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer three questions.

Section A

Answer Question 1.

Section B

Answer any two questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



This document consists of 3 printed pages, 1 blank page and 2 Inserts.



Section A

Answer the following question.

This question is about India in the nineteenth century

- 1 Study the sources (Insert) carefully and then answer the questions which follow.
 - (a) According to Source A, what difficulties did the Indian cotton industry face during the nineteenth century? [3]
 - (b) How does Source B help us to understand Indian concerns about the building of railways in India during the nineteenth century? [5]
 - (c) Why did the British build railways in India during the nineteenth century? [7]
 - (d) Was an absence of leadership the main reason why the War of Independence in 1857 failed? Explain your answer. [10]

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Section B

Answer any two questions from this Section.

2	(a)	Who	were zamindars?	[4]
	(b)	Why	was Robert Clive appointed the first Governor of Bengal?	[7]
	(c)		the in-fighting between Aurangzeb's successors the most important reason for tak-up of the Mughal Empire? Explain your answer.	he [4]
3	(a)	How	did the name 'Pakistan' originate?	[4]
	(b)	Why	was the Second Round Table Conference of 1931 unsuccessful?	[7]
	(c)		s the withdrawal of Gandhi's support the most important reason for the decline of tafat Movement? Explain your answer.	he [4]
4	(a)	Wha	at were the Basic Democracies?	[4]
	(b)	Expl	lain why Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's rule ended in 1977.	[7]
	(c)	Which of the following contributed the most to Pakistan's domestic policies between 1948 and 1958?		
		(i)	Khwaja Nazimuddin	
		(ii)	Malik Ghulam Muhammad	
	((iii)	Iskander Mirza	
		Expl	lain your answer with reference to all three of the above.	
5	(a)	Wha	at was SEATO?	[4]
	(b)	Why	did being a nuclear power create difficulties for Pakistan in the 1980s and 1990s?	[7]
	(c)		what extent was the relationship between Pakistan and its neighbour Afghanist cessful from 1947 to 1999?	an [4]

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